

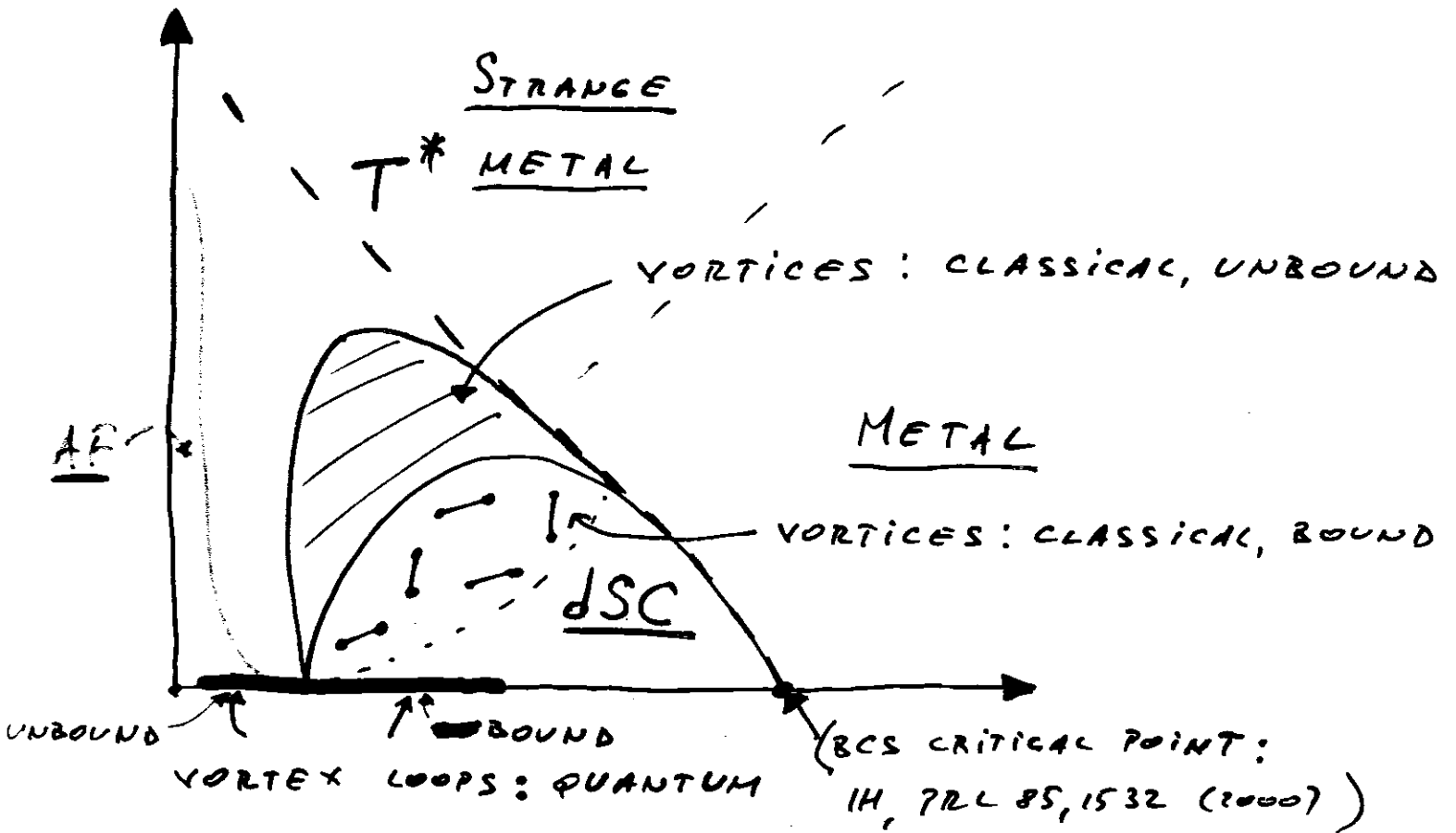
SPIN AND CHARGE RESPONSE IN
PHASE FLUCTUATING D-WAVE SUPERCONDUCTOR

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PHASE DIAGRAM: high- T_c SC



At $T \ll T^*$: STRONGLY PHASE FLUCTUATING

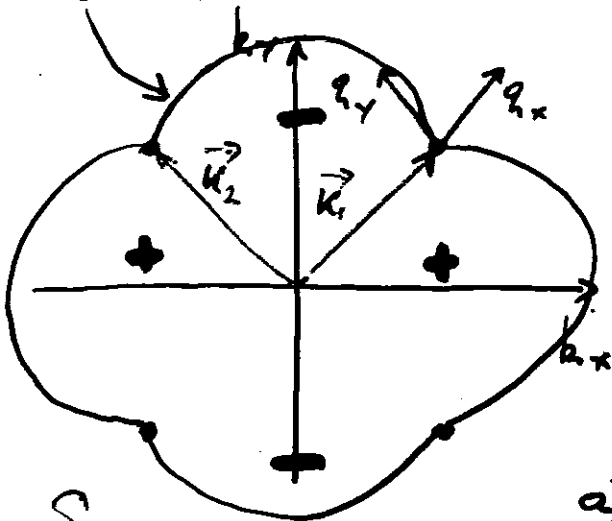
D-WAVE SUPERCONDUCTOR

d-WAVE SUPERCONDUCTOR (IN 2D)

- QUASIPARTICLES ARE WELL DEFINED LOW-ENERGY EXCITATIONS :

$$S_0 = T \sum_{\vec{l}, \omega, \sigma} \left\{ (i\omega_n - \xi(\vec{l})) C_{\sigma}^{\dagger}(\vec{l}, \omega) C_{\sigma}(\vec{l}, \omega) - \Delta(\vec{l}) C_{\uparrow}^{\dagger} C_{\downarrow}^{\dagger} + \text{h.c.} + \sigma(C^{\dagger}) \right\}$$

$\Delta(\vec{l})$ - d-WAVE SYMMETRY



$$\vec{k}_1 \approx \left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

SYMMETRY:

a) SPIN ROTATIONS

$$|1\rangle \rightarrow \kappa|1\rangle + \rho|4\rangle$$

b) TRANSLATIONS

$$C_{\sigma}(\vec{l}, \omega) \rightarrow e^{i\vec{l} \cdot \vec{R}} C_{\sigma}(\vec{l}, \omega)$$

EXACT!

c) For $|\vec{h}| \approx \pm K_{1,2}$, LINEARIZE: $\vec{l} = \vec{K}_i + \vec{q}$

$$\xi(\vec{l}) = v_F q_x + \sigma(q^2)$$

$$\Delta(\vec{l}) = v_D q_y + \sigma(q^2)$$

THEN :

$$\left[C_{\uparrow}^+(\vec{l}, \omega) \rightarrow i C_{\downarrow}(-\vec{l} + 2\vec{K}, \omega) \right]$$

$$C_{\downarrow}^+(\vec{l}, \omega) \rightarrow i C_{\uparrow}(-\vec{l} + 2\vec{K}, \omega)$$

$$C_{\uparrow}^+(\vec{l} - 2\vec{K}, \omega) \rightarrow i C_{\downarrow}(-\vec{l}, \omega)$$

$$\left[C_{\downarrow}^+(-\vec{l}, \omega) \rightarrow i C_{\uparrow}(\vec{l} - 2\vec{K}, \omega) \right]$$

ALSO BECOMES A SYMMETRY!

AT LARGE DISTANCES ($|\vec{q}| \ll 1$) SYSTEM
 HAS A LARGER SYMMETRY! (dSC is
 "CRITICAL")

"CHIRAL" SYMMETRY :

DIRAC REPRESENTATION (IH, PRL 88, 044006 (2002))

$$\Psi(\vec{r}) = \begin{pmatrix} C_{\uparrow}(\vec{k}_1 + \vec{q}, w) \\ C_{\downarrow}(-\vec{k}_1 - \vec{q}, -w) \\ \hline C_{\uparrow}(\vec{k}_1 + \vec{q}, w) \\ C_{\downarrow}(-\vec{k}_1 - \vec{q}, -w) \end{pmatrix} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{NAMBU SPINOR} \\ \\ \text{NAMBU SPINOR} \end{array}$$

THEN:

$$S_0 = \int d^3\vec{r} dt \left\{ \bar{\Psi}_1 (\gamma_0 \partial_t + v_F \gamma_1 \partial_x + v_F \gamma_2 \partial_y) \Psi_1 + \left(\begin{array}{l} 1 \leftrightarrow 2 \\ x \leftrightarrow y \end{array} \right) + \right. \\ \left. + O(\bar{\Psi} \partial^2 \Psi, (\bar{\Psi} \Psi)^2) \right\}$$

WHERE: $\bar{\Psi}_1 = \Psi_1^\dagger \gamma_0$, AND

$$\gamma_0 = \begin{array}{c|c} & I \\ \hline I & \end{array}$$

$$\gamma_1 = \begin{array}{c|c} & i\sigma_3 \\ \hline -i\sigma_3 & \end{array}$$

$$\gamma_2 = \begin{array}{c|c} & -i\sigma_1 \\ \hline i\sigma_1 & \end{array}$$

OF COURSE: $\{\gamma_i, \gamma_j\} = 2\delta_{ij}$

("CHIRAL" REPRESENTATION)

SYMMETRY:

$$\Psi_1 \rightarrow e^{i \sum_{i=1}^4 \theta_i G_i} \Psi_1$$

GENERATORS:

$$G \in \left\{ I, \mathcal{Y}_5, \mathcal{Y}_3, \mathcal{Y}_3 \mathcal{Y}_5 \right\}$$

$$U(1) \times U(1) \times U(1) \times U(1)$$

PER DIRAC FIELD, IN TOTAL:

$$U(2) \times U(2)$$

(IF $\psi_1 + \psi_2$)

ACTION OF GENERATORS:

1) TRANSLATIONS, $C_2(\vec{t}, \omega) \rightarrow e^{i\vec{t} \cdot \vec{R}} C_2(\vec{t}, \omega)$, IS NOW

$$\Psi_1(\vec{v}) \rightarrow e^{i(\vec{K}_1 \cdot \vec{R}) \mathcal{Y}_5} \Psi_1(\vec{v} + \vec{R})$$

2) ROTATIONS $\begin{pmatrix} C_1 \\ C_4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow e^{i\varphi \mathcal{Y}_2} \begin{pmatrix} C_1 \\ C_4 \end{pmatrix}$, ARE NOW

$$\Psi_1(\vec{v}) \rightarrow e^{i\varphi I} \Psi_1(\vec{v})$$

3) CHIRAL TRANSFORMATION :

$$\mathcal{F}_3 = \begin{array}{c|c} & i\tau_2 \\ \hline & \\ \hline -i\tau_2 & \end{array} \quad , \quad i\mathcal{F}_3 \mathcal{F}_5 = \begin{array}{c|c} & \tau_2 \\ \hline & \\ \hline \tau_2 & \end{array}$$

BROKEN BY SECOND-ORDER DERIVATIVES, AND QUARTIC TERMS! (BUT RESTORED AT LOW ENERGIES!)

BREAKING OF CHIRAL SYMMETRY

"MASS" : $m \bar{\Psi} \Psi$

WOULD BREAK \mathcal{F}_3 AND \mathcal{F}_5 .

$$m \bar{\Psi} \Psi = m \int_{i=1,2} d^3 \vec{v} dt \cos[2\vec{k}_i \cdot \vec{v}] \left\{ C_{\uparrow}^+ C_{\uparrow}(\vec{v}) - C_{\downarrow}^+ C_{\downarrow}(\vec{v}) \right\}$$

SO

$$m \sim \langle \bar{\Psi} \Psi \rangle$$

- IH, PRL 88, 047006 (2002);
- IH, PRB 66, 094504 (2002);
- Z. TEŠANOVIĆ ET AL, PRB 65, 180511 (2002).

IS STAGGERED MAGNETIZATION!

How CAN THIS ARISE?

PHASE FLUCTUATIONS IN dSC: VORTICES & SPIN WAVES

Wave function:

$$\propto |\Delta| e^{i\varphi(\vec{r}, \hat{e})} C_{\uparrow}(\vec{r}, \hat{e}) C_{\downarrow}(\vec{r}, \hat{e}) + \text{H. conj.}$$

$$\varphi(\vec{r}, \hat{e}) = \underbrace{\varphi_{\text{reg}}}_{\text{SPIN WAVES}} + \underbrace{\varphi_{\text{sing}}}_{\text{VORTICES (LOOPS AT } T=0)}$$

1) "NAIVE" IDEA: (BALENS ET AL, IJMPB 10, 1033 (98); ...)

$$e^{i\frac{\varphi}{2}} C_{\uparrow} \rightarrow C_{\uparrow}$$

$$e^{i\frac{\varphi}{2}} C_{\downarrow} \rightarrow C_{\downarrow}$$

WILL NOT WORK!

2) BETTER: (ANDERSON, COND-MAT/9812063; YE, PRB 65, 214505 (02))

$$e^{i\left(\frac{\varphi_{\text{reg}}}{2} + \varphi_{\text{sing}}\right)} C_{\uparrow} \rightarrow C_{\uparrow}$$

$$e^{i\left(\frac{\varphi_{\text{reg}}}{2}\right)} C_{\downarrow} \rightarrow C_{\downarrow}$$

WORKS, BUT BY HAND BREAKS $\uparrow \leftrightarrow \downarrow$ SYMMETRY!?

3) GENERAL TRANSFORMATION (FRANZ & TEŠANOVIĆ, PRL 87, 257003 (2001))



$$e^{i\left(\frac{p_{\text{reg}}}{2} + p_{\text{sing}, \uparrow}\right)} C_{\uparrow} = C_{\uparrow}$$

$$e^{i\left(\frac{p_{\text{reg}}}{2} + p_{\text{sing}, \downarrow}\right)} C_{\downarrow} = C_{\downarrow}$$

THEN:

CHARGE CURRENT

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \bar{\Psi}_a \gamma_{\mu} (\partial_{\mu} - i a_{\mu}) \Psi_a + i v_{\mu} \frac{\vec{\sigma}}{c} \cdot \vec{J}_{cl}^{\mu}$$

WITH

(BERRY)

$$a_{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_{\mu} (p_{\text{sing}, \uparrow} - p_{\text{sing}, \downarrow})$$

(DOPLER, VOLCOV)

$$v_{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} \partial_{\mu} (p_{\text{sing}, \uparrow} + p_{\text{sing}, \downarrow}) + \frac{1}{2} \partial_{\mu} p_{\text{reg}}$$

PHASE FLUCTUATIONS & d-WAVE QUASIPARTICLES:

THE GAUGE THEORY, (1H, COND-MAT/0302058)

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_F + \mathcal{L}_{\text{GAUGE}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{VORTEX}},$$

WITH:

$$\mathcal{L}_F = \bar{\Psi}_a \gamma_\mu (\partial_\mu - i q_\mu) \Psi_a, \quad \frac{\kappa}{2} (\partial_\mu \Psi + 2\vec{A})^2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{GAUGE}} = \frac{i}{F} \vec{Q} \cdot (\nabla \times \vec{A}_-) + \frac{i}{F} \vec{Q} \cdot (\nabla \times \vec{A}_+) + \frac{4K}{2} (\vec{Q} + \vec{A})^2 + i (\vec{Q} + \vec{A}) \cdot \vec{J}_{\text{CHARGE}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{VORTEX}} = \left| (\nabla - i(\vec{A}_+ + \vec{A}_-)) \phi_1 \right|^2 + \left| (\nabla - i(\vec{A}_+ - \vec{A}_-)) \phi_2 \right|^2 + \mu^2 (|\phi_1|^2 + |\phi_2|^2) + \frac{G_1}{2} (|\phi_1|^2 + |\phi_2|^2)^2 + \frac{G_2}{2} (|\phi_1|^4 + |\phi_2|^4)$$

- K = BARE SUPERFLUID DENSITY AT $T=0$
- \vec{A} = TRUE EXTERNAL ELECTROMAGNETIC POTENTIAL
- ϕ_1, ϕ_2 : CREATE VORTICES WITH \uparrow AND \downarrow LABELS
- \vec{A}_+, \vec{A}_- : AUXILIARY ("CHERN-SIMONS") FIELDS:

$$\vec{A}_- \rightarrow \nabla \times \vec{Q} = \pi (\vec{J}_{\phi_1} - \vec{J}_{\phi_2}), \quad i \vec{Q} \cdot \vec{J}_{\text{SPIN}}$$

$$\vec{A}_+ \rightarrow \nabla \times \vec{Q} = \pi (\vec{J}_{\phi_1} + \vec{J}_{\phi_2}), \quad i \vec{Q} \cdot \vec{J}_{\text{CHARGE}}$$

SUPERCONDUCTOR: $\langle \phi_1 \rangle = \langle \phi_2 \rangle = 0$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{VORTEX}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{24\pi\mu} \left\{ (\nabla \times \vec{A}_+)^2 + (\nabla \times \vec{A}_-)^2 \right\} + \sigma (\nabla \times \vec{A}_\pm)^4$$

$$m^2 = \mu^2 + \sigma(l) \quad \text{"VORTEX SUSCEPTIBILITY"}$$

DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS \Rightarrow

$m \propto T_c$

INTEGRATE \vec{A}_\pm :

"CHARGE"

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \left\{ \underbrace{\bar{\Psi} (\gamma - i\phi) \Psi}_{\text{Spin}} + \frac{6\mu}{\pi} \vec{Q}^2 \right\} + \left\{ \frac{24\mu K}{12\mu + 4\tilde{u}K} \vec{A}^2 + \frac{12\mu}{12\mu + 4\tilde{u}K} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{J}_{CH} + \frac{\tilde{u}}{24\mu + 8\tilde{u}K} J_{CH}^2 \right\}$$

a) $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SPIN}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{CHARGE}}$; SPIN-CHARGE SEPARATION

b) $\mathcal{L}_{\text{SPIN}}$: 2+1D THIRRING MODEL

c) $\rho_{SF}(T=0) = \frac{48\mu K}{12\mu + 4\tilde{u}K}$ $\xrightarrow{m \rightarrow \infty} 4K$ (BARDE)

$\xrightarrow{m \rightarrow 0} \frac{12}{\pi} \mu \times T_c$ (UEMURA)

d) $Z = \frac{12\mu}{12\mu + 4\tilde{u}K}$ $\xrightarrow{m \rightarrow \infty} 1$ $\xrightarrow{m \rightarrow 0} \frac{12\mu}{4\tilde{u}K} < 1$ (UNDERDOPED)

$$S_{SP}(T) = S_{SP}(0) - \frac{\pi^2}{6} \frac{v_F^2}{v} T^2$$

(LOFFE & Millis,
COND-MAT/012509,
...)

c) CHARGE INTERACTION: $\propto \frac{\pi}{24\mu + 8\pi^2 \kappa} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4\mu}, \mu \rightarrow \infty$

STAYS FINITE AND IRRELEVANT!

SPIN RESPONSE OF THE dSC

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{SPIN}} &= \bar{\Psi}_a (\not{\partial} - i\not{Q}) \Psi_a + \frac{6}{\pi} m \vec{Q}^2 ; m \sim T_c \\
 &= \bar{\Psi}_a \not{\partial} \Psi_a + \frac{\pi}{72m} \bar{\Psi} \not{\gamma}_\mu \Psi \bar{\Psi} \not{\gamma}_\mu \Psi ; \text{THIRRING} \\
 &= \bar{\Psi}_a \not{\partial} \Psi_a + \frac{72m}{\pi} M_\mu^{ij} M_\mu^{ij} + M_\mu^{ij} \not{\gamma}_\mu \Psi_j \bar{\Psi}_i + \text{H. conj.}
 \end{aligned}$$

ANSATZ : $M_\mu^{ij}(x) = \frac{1}{6} M(x) S_{ij} \not{\gamma}_\mu$, so

$$\langle M(x) \rangle = \frac{\bar{\pi}}{12Nm} \langle S_2(\vec{v}, \tau) \rangle \sum_{i=1}^2 \cos(2\vec{k}_i \cdot \vec{v}) - \begin{matrix} \text{SDW} \\ \text{OP} \end{matrix}$$

INTEGRATE FERMIONS:

$$S_{\text{SPIN}} = N \int \frac{d^3\vec{q}}{(2\pi)^3} \left\{ \frac{24m\hat{\pi} - 1}{\pi^2} + \frac{|q_1|}{8} \right\} M(q) M(-q) + \mathcal{O}(M^4)$$

ALSO:

$$\langle M(\vec{q}, \omega) M(-\vec{q}, -\omega) \rangle - \frac{\hat{\pi}}{4\pi Nm} = 2 \left(\frac{\bar{\pi}}{24Nm} \right)^2 \sum_{i=1}^2 \langle S_2(2\vec{k}_i + \vec{q}, \omega) S_2(-2\vec{k}_i - \vec{q}, -\omega) \rangle$$

ROTATIONAL INVARIANCE:

$$\langle S_x(\vec{k}, \omega) S_x(\vec{k}', -\omega) \rangle = \chi(\vec{k}, \omega) \delta_{\vec{k}, \vec{k}'}$$

So:

$$\chi''(2\vec{k}_i \pm \vec{q}, \omega) = \left(\frac{12Nm}{\pi} \right)^2 \ln \langle M(\vec{q}, \omega) M(-\vec{q}, \omega) \rangle$$

FINALLY: $i\omega \rightarrow \omega$

$$\chi''(2\vec{k}_i \pm \vec{q}, \omega) = \left(\frac{24m}{\pi} \right)^2 \frac{N \Theta(\omega^2 - \vec{q}^2) \sqrt{\omega^2 - \vec{q}^2}}{\left(\frac{192m}{\pi} \right)^2 + \omega^2 - \vec{q}^2}$$

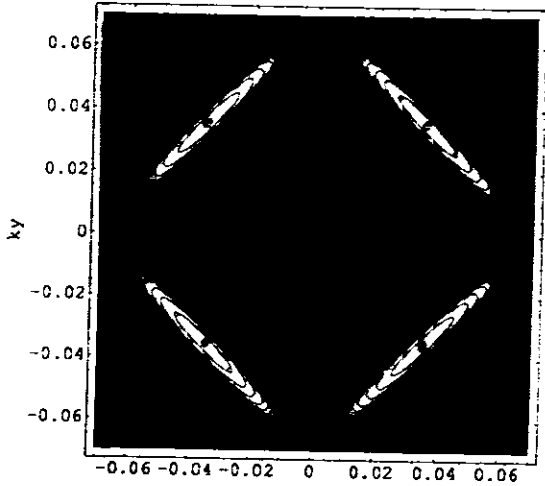
WHERE:

$$\vec{q}^2 = v_F^2 q_x^2 + v_\Delta^2 q_y^2 ; v_F \gg v_\Delta$$

$$m \sim T_c \left(\frac{64m}{\pi} = 5.6 T_c, \text{ FROM VENURA SCALING} \right)$$

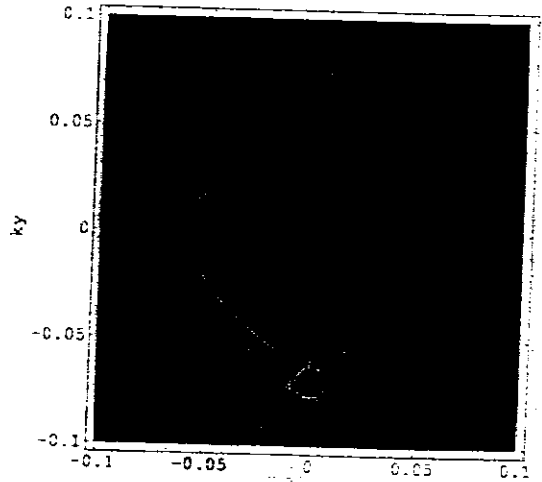
FOUR REGIMES: (D. LEE & IH, COND-MAT/0305512)

I LOW ω : $\omega = 6 \text{ meV}$



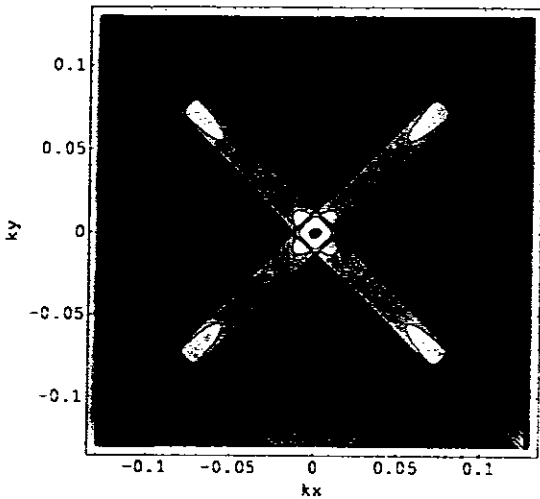
"DIAGONAL" INCOMM.

II: $\omega \lesssim \omega_{\text{res}}$; $\omega = 15 \text{ meV}$



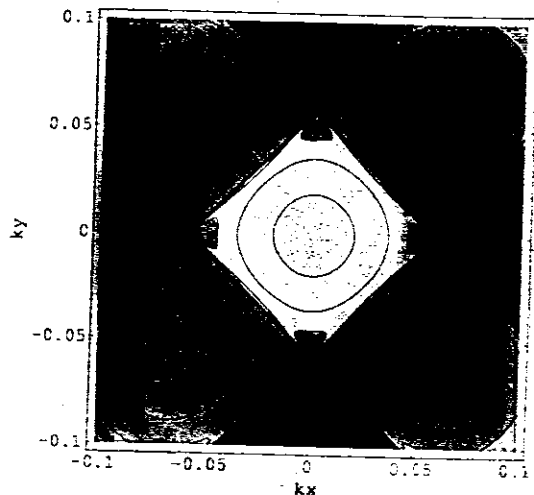
"PARALLEL" INCOMM.

III "RESONANCE"



$\omega = 72 \text{ meV}$

IV HIGH ω : $\omega = 110 \text{ meV}$



"PARALLEL" INCOMM.
(WEAK)

PARAMETERS: $\varphi_F = 1.2 \text{ eV \AA}$

$T_c \approx 67 \text{ K}$

$\varphi_F / \varphi_0 = 7$

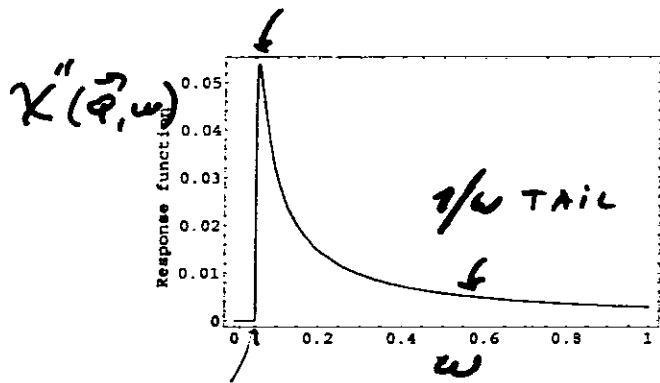
$2k_0 = 0.465 (2\pi, 2\pi)$

"RESONANCE": $\vec{Q} = (\pi, \pi)$

P. DAI ET AL.

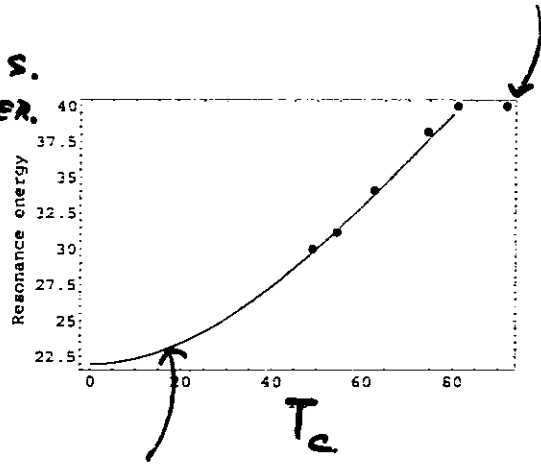
PRB 63, 054525 (2001)

"RES. ENERGY"



"SPIN GAP"

RES. ENERGY



$$\omega_{res}^2 = (cT_c)^2 + \omega_{s0}^2$$

$$c \approx 5$$

$$\omega_{s0} = 22 \text{ meV}$$

CONCLUSION:

- "CHIRAL" SYMMETRY OF dSC
- QUANTUM FLUCTUATIONS \Rightarrow U(1) GAUGE TH.

PREDICTIONS & PREDICTIONS:

- SDW INSULATOR
- UEMURA SCALING
- "CHARGE" RENORMALIZATION ($Z \rightarrow 0$)
- INCOMMENS. - COMMENS. - INCOMM. REGIMES
IN SPIN RESPONSE OF dSC
- "SPIN GAP" AT $\vec{Q} = (\pi, \pi)$
- "RESONANCE ENERGY" $\sim T_c$ (BUT SATURATES)